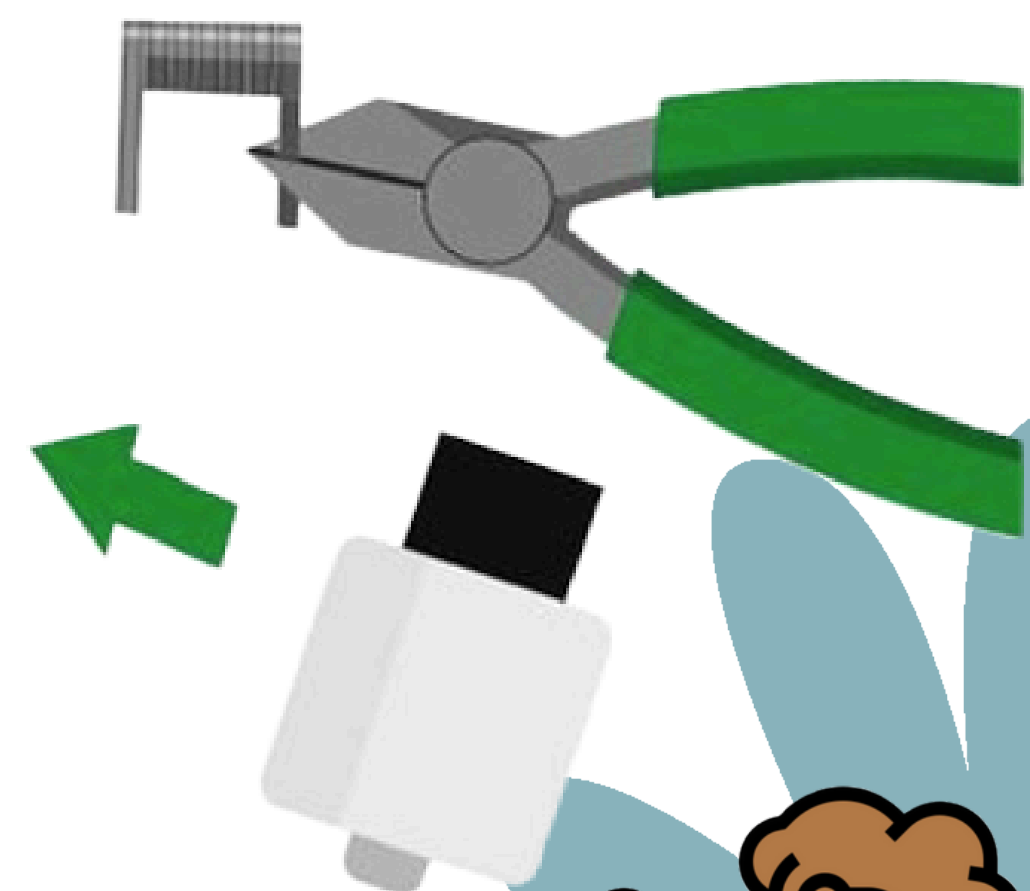
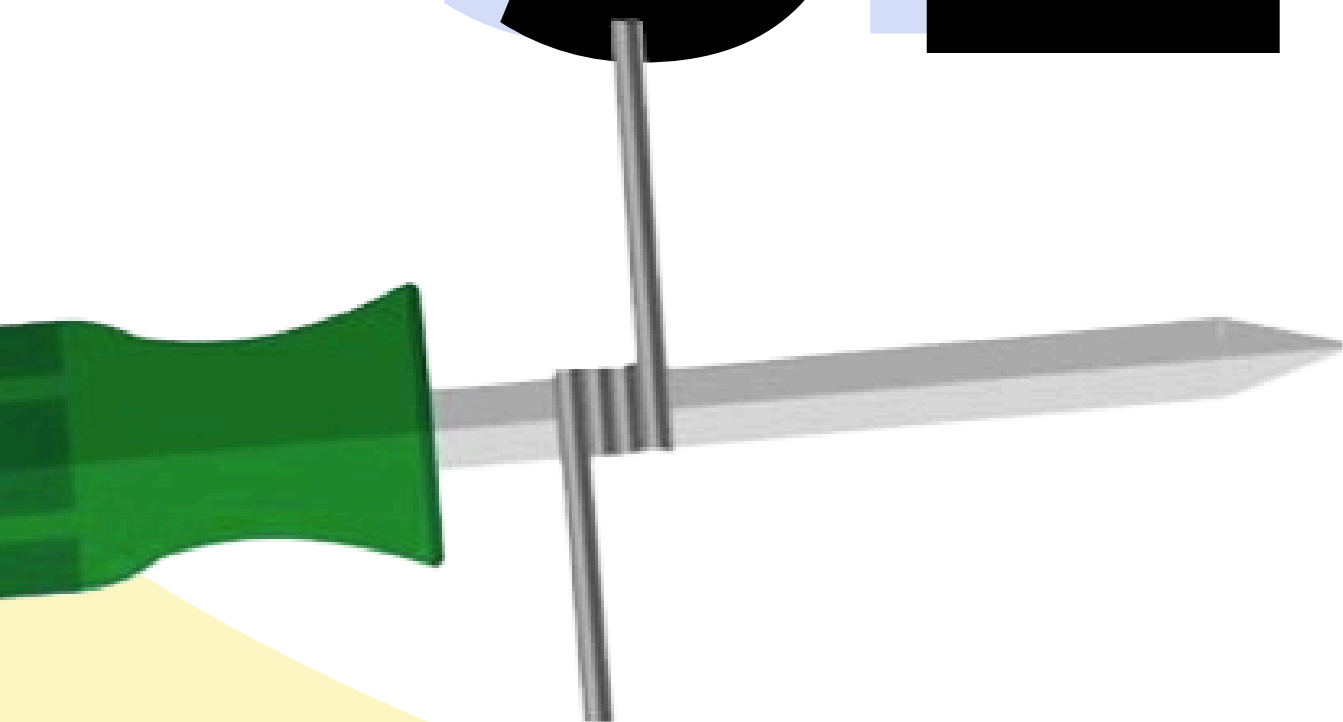


18+

# SET UP



# Que es un Set Up?

A setup is the configuration of coils, cottons, or the mod settings you decide to use in your device.

Remember that how you choose to assemble your coils determines the outcome of your vaping experience.

Each setup is unique and personal; no two are alike, and that makes creating your own setup so special. Even if you rely on one you've seen or one the manufacturer has recommended, in the end, there's always some modification that makes it yours and only yours.

What is the ideal setup? ...

The ideal setup does NOT EXIST, there is the ideal setup for you.



18+

# Set Up

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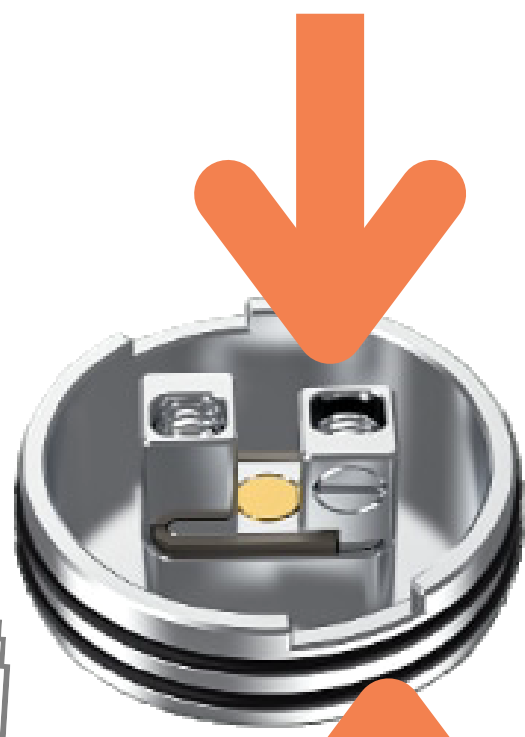
## DECK

Some of the Decks we find on the market

Posts



Posts



Positive insulator

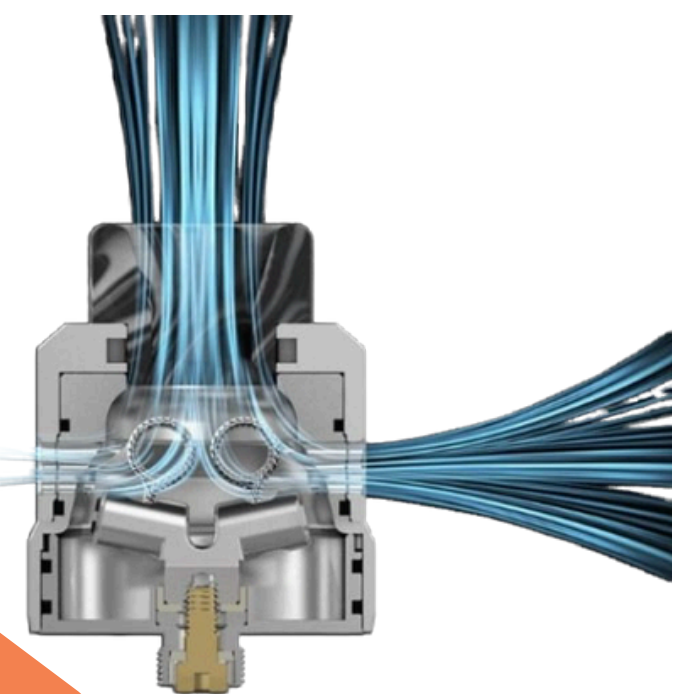


Pool

Orling



Thread 510



If you learn to observe your deck, your setup will be successful. This may seem very difficult, but if it doesn't turn out the way you want it the first time, don't be discouraged. It's a matter of practice. Your trusted advisor will be a great help in your learning process.

An ideal setup is simply how you prefer it, but knowing how to identify its parts will help you know what type of setup is right for you.

It's always good to emphasize that this type of atomizer is best used with freebase.





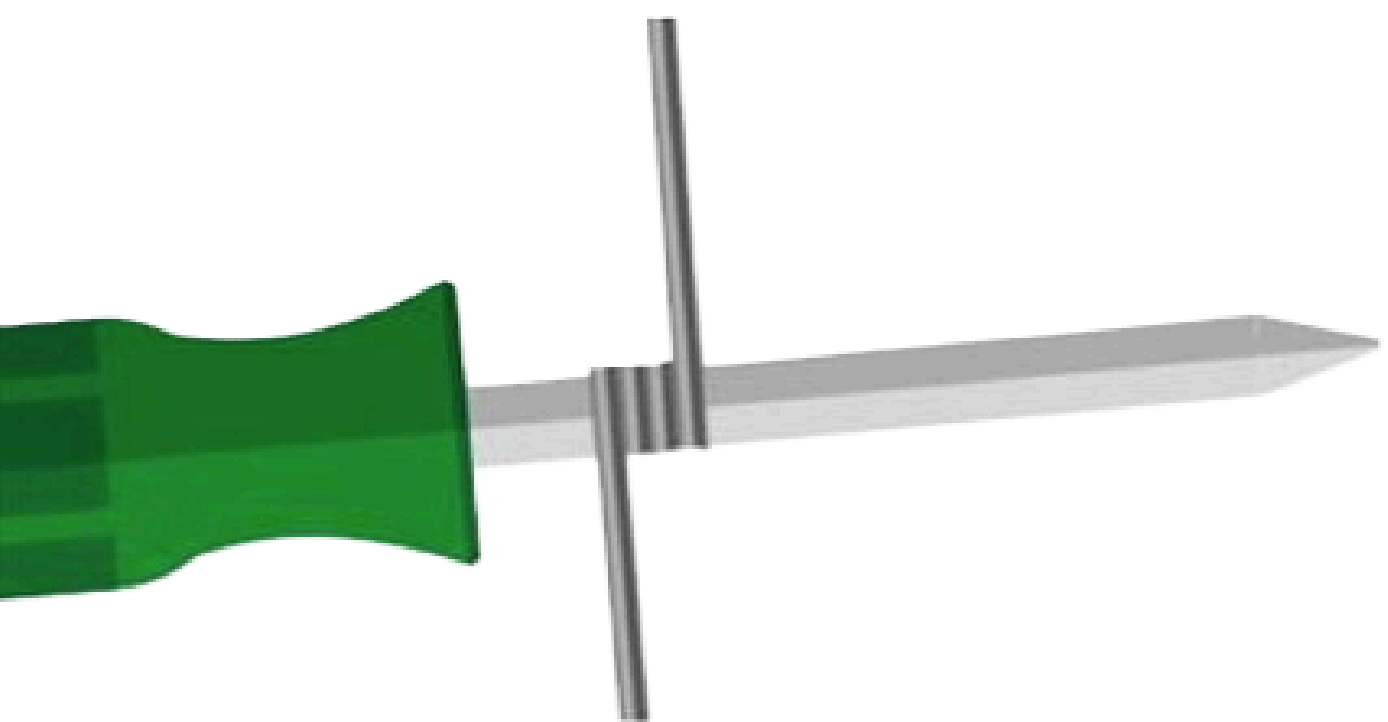
# COILS

18+

The first thing you should do is visualize how you should place the coil. Identify the positive and negative terminals to correctly mount your coil, whether it's for just one coil (single coil) or for two coils (dual coil). It's important to know that it can't touch the posts, the deck, or the bell. Otherwise, an error will occur and it won't work.

Today, we find pre-assembled coils on the market with a wide range of configurations (research homemade coils or ask your trusted advisor which one they might suggest).

They usually come with uncut legs. Use a guide to avoid warping them and to be able to position them perfectly.



# COILS

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There are several coil configurations, but we'll focus on single and dual coils—in short, one or two coils.

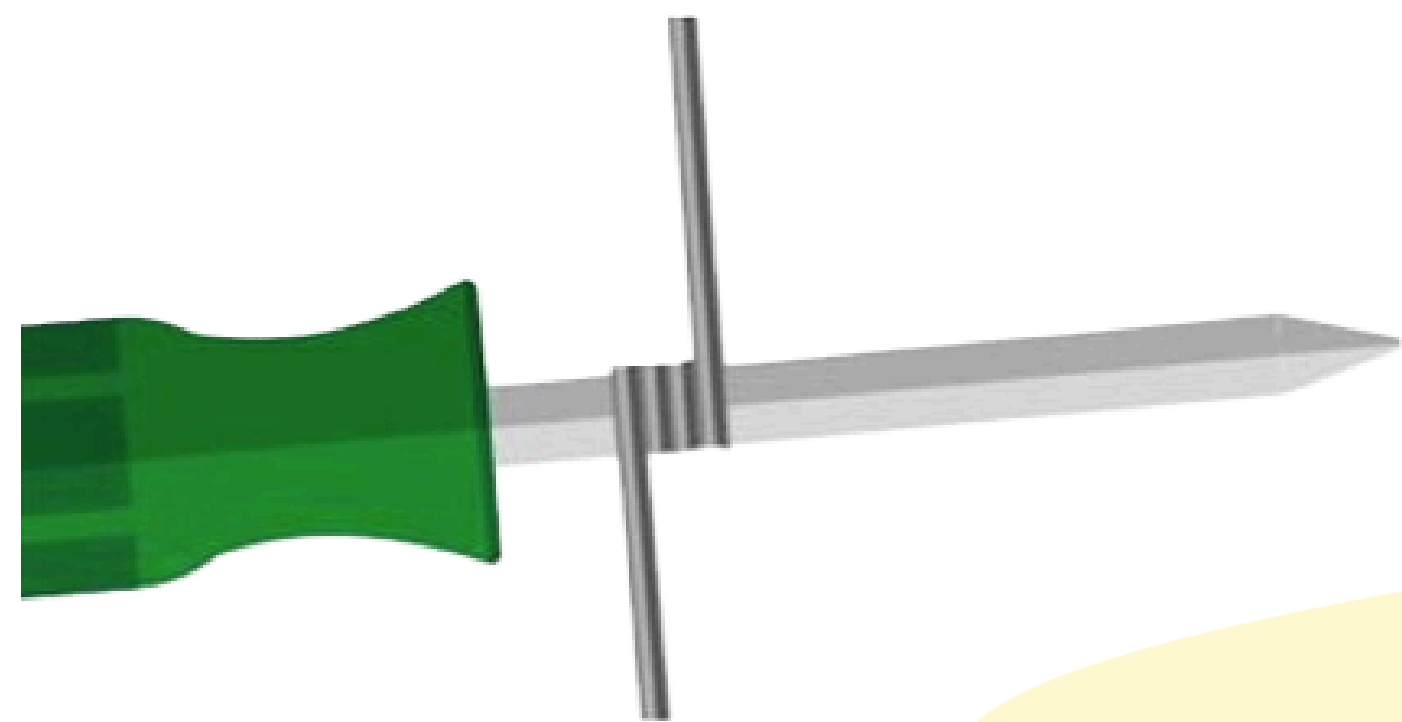
Using two coils increases battery consumption and significantly improves performance in terms of vapor and hit. Additionally, by working in parallel, they share the workload, so they suffer less in the long run and should last longer. There will be more evaporation surface area, although with less power each, surpassing a single coil in terms of vapor and hit.

Using one coil reduces battery consumption and gives you a more concentrated flavor, but less vapor and hit. The coil's lifespan will be shorter because it will receive the entire charge alone, so it will need to heat up more.

It is **ESSENTIAL** that the coils are stabilized. How to stabilize?

Regarding stabilization, we recommend a low wattage, such as 35-40W. In this case, we are referring to a dry coil. Be very careful, because if you overdo it with both the pulse and the power, you can end up burning a leg. The coils should light up from the center outward without reaching a blazing red. If there are two coils, they should light up at the same time and cool from the outside in.

Once they're stabilized, wait for them to cool and then insert the cotton.



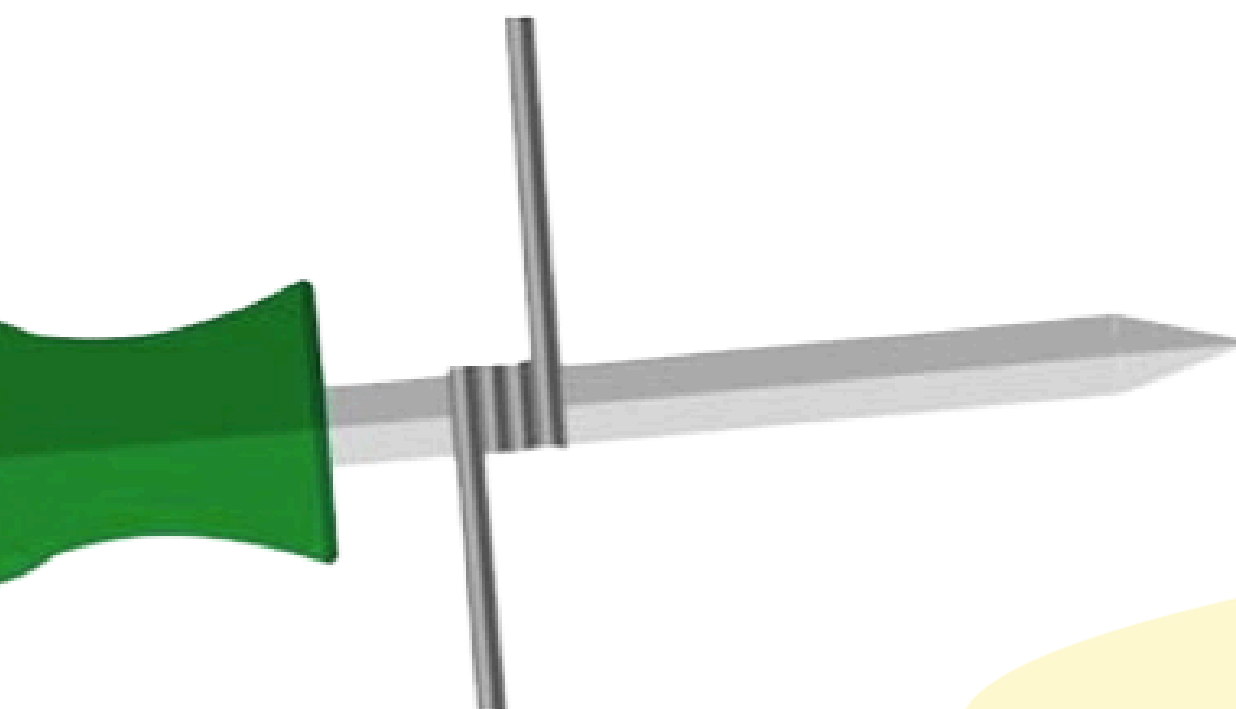


# STEP BY STEP

**1-** We'll remove the top (bell) by separating the base. With the RDA, we'll only need to pull the top. (The best way is to screw the RDA onto our mod and then pull the top from there.) For the RTA, we'll only need to unscrew the top and bottom.

**2-** We'll find the deck and four terminals, each with a small screw. We'll use the screwdriver that comes with each atomizer to unscrew the small screws from the terminals. It's best not to remove them completely, but rather leave them partially inside.

**3-** We take our coil and cut off its legs. The coils should be aligned at the same height as the atomizer's airflow. Depending on the atomizer we have, we will cut more or less.



**4-** Now it's time to connect the resistors, each leg will be connected to a terminal.

**Dual Coil:** We'll connect the two coils so they're side by side, facing the airflow. We'll place each leg in a hole and tighten the screws again so the coils are secure and don't move. With Dual Coils, the coils can't touch each other.

**Single Coil:** We will place the resistors on two terminals (on alternate terminals, one negative and one positive) and if our base allows it, we will leave it as close to the center as possible.



**DUAL COIL**



**SINGLE COIL**





**5-** To stabilize the resistors, we must be careful with high temperatures, and for this we will need tweezers. The best way to stabilize them is to ignite them evenly from the center outwards. Ceramic-tipped tweezers are recommended. Since they are made of ceramic, the material will not heat up, and we can stabilize them more safely.

**6-** Now that our coils are stabilized, it's time to add the cotton. Take a strip of cotton and make a thinner tip to make it easier to pass through the coils. If the cotton strip is too thick, remove a few layers until it can pass through the coil. (The cotton should pass with resistance, but without forcing it to move the coil.) Once the cotton has been passed through, cut it (no longer than the base of the deck). We'll remove some volume by removing the excess cotton as if we were combing it. Insert the cotton into the base and lower it to the base.





7- The last step is crucial: moisten our cotton with the liquid we want and replace the tops of our RDA or RTA.

**If you use artisan coils, we recommend following the advice of your coiler or advisor.  
Never forget that the secret to this process is practice.  
If you ever get it wrong, don't get frustrated.**

